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2025

TOPO CHICO MINERAL WATER ANNUAL ANALYSIS

Topo Chico is mineral water that meets or exceeds the requirements set forth by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), as well as local regulatory requirements.

To demonstrate compliance with the U.S. FDA's Bottled Water Standards of Quality, The Coca-Cola Company annually analyzes Topo Chico Mineral Water to ensure that our consumers are receiving safe mineral water of the highest quality.

The following tables provide a typical annual Topo Chico Mineral Water analysis, conducted by an Independent Certified Laboratory. This water analysis demonstrates that Topo Chico Mineral Water meets or exceeds US FDA Bottled Water Standards of Quality.

Sample water quality analysis for Topo Chico. *Please note that in the results column of each table "ND" indicates Non-Detected.*

¹Mineral water is exempt from allowable levels per US FDA Standards of Quality. The exemptions are aesthetically based allowable levels and do not relate to health concerns.

SPECIFIC MINERAL ANALYSES				
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS		
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)		
CALCIUM	N/A	140		
CHLORIDE ¹	250	46		
FLUORIDE (temp dependent)	1.4 – 2.4	0.20		
MAGNESIUM	N/A	10		
POTASSIUM	N/A	3.1		
SODIUM	N/A	33		
SULFATE ¹	250	220		
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS ¹	500	630		
ALKALINITY (as CaCO₃)	N/A	190		
рН	N/A	6.2		
CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES				
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS		
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)		
ALUMINUM	0.2	ND		

IRON¹	0.3	ND			
MANGANESE ¹	0.05	ND			
PHENOLS	0.001	ND			
SILVER	0.1	ND			
ZINC ¹	5	ND			
INORGANIC SUBSTANCES					
STANDARD OF QUALITY RESULTS					
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)			
ANTIMONY	0.006	PASS			
ARSENIC	0.01	PASS			
BARIUM	2	PASS			
BERYLLIUM	0.004	ND			
CADMIUM	0.005	ND			
CHLORINE	4	ND			
CHROMIUM	0.1	PASS			
COPPER	1	ND			
CYANIDE	0.2	ND			
LEAD	0.005	ND			
MERCURY	0.002	ND			
NICKEL	0.1	PASS			
NITRATE (as N)	10	PASS			
NITRITE (as N)	1	ND			
TOTAL NITRATE AND NITRITE (as N	10	PASS			
SELENIUM	0.05	ND			
THALLIUM	0.002	ND			
	VOLATILE ORGANIC CHEMICALS				
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS			
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)			
BENZENE	0.005	ND			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	0.005	ND			
o- DICHLOROBENZENE	0.6	ND			
p- DICHLOROBENZENE	0.075	ND			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.005	ND			
1,1- DICHLOROETHYLENE	0.007	ND			
cis-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	0.07	ND			
trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	0.1	ND			
DICHLOROMETHANE	0.005	ND			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	0.005	ND			
ETHYLBENZENE	0.7	ND			
MONOCHLOROBENZENE	0.1	ND			
STYRENE	0.1	ND			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.005	ND			
TOLUENE	1	ND			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	0.07	ND			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.2	ND			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.005	ND			

TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.005	ND			
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.002	ND			
XYLENES	10	ND			
PESTICIDES AND OTHER SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHEMICALS					
STANDARD OF QUALITY RESULTS					
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)			
ALACHLOR	0.002	ND			
ATRAZINE	0.003	ND			
BENZO (a) PYRENE	0.0002	ND			
CARBOFURAN	0.04	ND			
CHLORDANE	0.002	ND			
DALAPON	0.2	ND			
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	0.002	ND			
2,4-D	0.07	ND			
DI (2-ETHYLHEXYL) ADIPATE	0.4	ND			
DI (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTALATE	0.006	ND			
DINOSEB	0.007	ND			
DIQUAT	0.02	ND			
ENDOTHALL	0.1	ND			
ENDRIN	0.002	ND			
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	0.00005	ND			
GLYPHOSATE	0.7	ND			
HEPTACHLOR	0.0004	ND			
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	0.0002	ND			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	0.001	ND			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	0.05	ND			
LINDANE	0.0002	ND			
METHOXYCHLOR	0.04	ND			
OXAMYL	0.2	ND			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	0.001	ND			
PCB'S (as DECACHLOROBIPHENYL)	0.0005	ND			
PICLORAM	0.5	ND			
SIMAZINE	0.004	ND			
2,3,7,8-TCDD (DIOXIN)	3 * 10-8	ND			
TOXAPHENE	0.003	ND			
2,4,5-TP (SILVEX)	0.05	ND			
RESIDUAL DISINFECTANTS					
	STANDARD OF QUALITY (mg/L)	RESULTS			
		(mg/L)			
CHLORAMINE	4	ND			
CHLORINE	4	ND			
CHLORINE DIOXIDE	0.8	ND			
DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCTS					
BROMATE	0.010	ND			
CHLORITE	1	ND			
HALOACETIC ACIDS	0.060	ND			

TOTAL TRIHALOMETHANES	0.080	ND		
	RADIONUCLIDES			
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS		
	(pCi/L)	(pCi/L)		
Gross Alpha particle activity	15	PASS		
(including radium 226, but				
excluding radon and uranium)				
Gross Beta particle	50	PASS		
RADIUM 226 & RADIUM 228	5	PASS		
URANIUM	0.03 mg/L	ND		
	MICROBIOLIGICAL			
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS		
		(mpn/100mL)		
COLIFORM	< 4 CFU/100mL	ND		
	Membrane filtration method			
E. COLI BACTERIA	MPN	ND		
PHYSICAL QUALITY				
	STANDARD OF QUALITY	RESULTS		
COLOR	15 UNITS	PASS		
ODOR	3	PASS		
TURBIDITY	5 UNITS	PASS		

SOURCE AND PROCESS

Topo Chico mineral water is obtained from underground groundwater in Monterrey, Mexico.

The U.S. FDA has established standards of identity for various types of bottled water, including spring water, mineral water, artesian water and purified water. Topo Chico is made using "mineral water", which the FDA defines as:

"The name of water containing not less than 250 parts per million (ppm) total dissolved solids (TDS), coming from a source tapped at one or more bore holes or springs, originating from a geologically and physically protected underground water source."

Topo Chico® Carbonated Mineral Water treatment process includes collecting, carbonating, and bottling at the source in Monterrey, Mexico. The process is continually monitored, and water is tested on a regular basis.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED UNDER CALIFORNIA LAW

The State of California requires that we provide the following definitions and statements as part of this report.

Definitions

"statement of quality" — The standard (statement) of quality for bottled water is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in a container of bottled water, as established by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the California Department of Public Health. The standards can be no less protective of public health than the standards for public drinking water, established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health.

"maximum contaminant level (MCL)" - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water, established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs as is economically and technologically feasible.

"public health goal (PHG)" - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

"primary drinking water standard" - MCLs for contaminants established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the California Department of Public Health that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Statements

"Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the United States Food and Drug Administration, Food and Cosmetic Hotline (1-888-723-3366)."

"Some persons may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons, including, but not limited to, persons with cancer who are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly persons, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These persons should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791)."

"The sources of bottled water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water naturally travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can pick UP naturally occurring substances as well as substances that are present due to animal and human activity."

"Substances that may be present in the source water include any of the following:

- 1. Inorganic substances, including, but not limited to, salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from farming, urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, or oil and gas production.
- 2. Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources, including, but not limited to, agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

- 3. Organic substances that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- 4. Microbial organisms that may come from wildlife, agricultural livestock operations, sewage treatment plants, and septic systems.
- 5. Substances with radioactive properties that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities."

"In order to ensure that bottled water is safe to drink, the United States Food and Drug Administration and the State Department of Public Health prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by bottled water companies."

Recall Information: The FDA provides recall information at http://www.fda.gov/opacom/7alerts.html